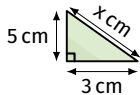


Push Tasks — Answers



Every hypotenuse on this page is a non-perfect-square surd. Leave each answer in simplified surd form, e.g. $\sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$.

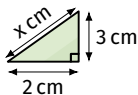
1.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 3^2 + 5^2 \\&= 9 + 25 = 34 \\x &= \sqrt{34}\end{aligned}$$

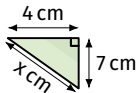
2.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 2^2 + 3^2 \\&= 4 + 9 = 13 \\x &= \sqrt{13}\end{aligned}$$

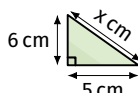
3.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 4^2 + 7^2 \\&= 16 + 49 = 65 \\x &= \sqrt{65}\end{aligned}$$

4.



Solution

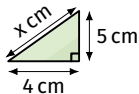
$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 5^2 + 6^2 \\&= 25 + 36 = 61 \\x &= \sqrt{61}\end{aligned}$$

Push Tasks — Answers



Every hypotenuse on this page is a non-perfect-square surd. Leave each answer in simplified surd form, e.g. $\sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$.

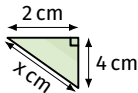
5.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 4^2 + 5^2 \\&= 16 + 25 = 41 \\x &= \sqrt{41}\end{aligned}$$

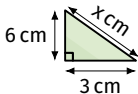
6.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 2^2 + 4^2 \\&= 4 + 16 = 20 \\x &= \sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}\end{aligned}$$

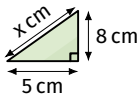
7.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 3^2 + 6^2 \\&= 9 + 36 = 45 \\x &= \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}\end{aligned}$$

8.



Solution

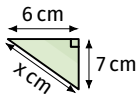
$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 5^2 + 8^2 \\&= 25 + 64 = 89 \\x &= \sqrt{89}\end{aligned}$$

Push Tasks — Answers



Every hypotenuse on this page is a non-perfect-square surd. Leave each answer in simplified surd form, e.g. $\sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$.

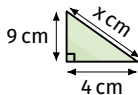
9.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 6^2 + 7^2 \\&= 36 + 49 = 85 \\x &= \sqrt{85}\end{aligned}$$

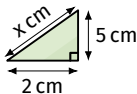
10.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 4^2 + 9^2 \\&= 16 + 81 = 97 \\x &= \sqrt{97}\end{aligned}$$

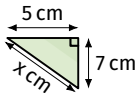
11.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 2^2 + 5^2 \\&= 4 + 25 = 29 \\x &= \sqrt{29}\end{aligned}$$

12.



Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 5^2 + 7^2 \\&= 25 + 49 = 74 \\x &= \sqrt{74}\end{aligned}$$

Push Tasks — Answers



Leave each numeric answer as a simplified surd. Question 16 asks you to explain, not calculate.

13. A rectangular gate is 2 m high and 7 m wide. Find the length of a diagonal brace fitted corner to corner, as a simplified surd.

Solution

$$c^2 = 2^2 + 7^2 = 4 + 49 = 53, \text{ so brace} \\ = \sqrt{53} \text{ m}$$

15. Two hikers start at the same point. One walks 6 km due north, the other walks 11 km due east. Find the straight-line distance between them, as a simplified surd.

Solution

$$c^2 = 6^2 + 11^2 = 36 + 121 = 157, \text{ so} \\ \text{distance} = \sqrt{157} \text{ km}$$

14. A rectangle measures 3 m by 9 m. Find the length of its diagonal, as a simplified surd.

Solution

$$c^2 = 3^2 + 9^2 = 9 + 81 = 90, \text{ so diagonal} \\ = \sqrt{90} = 3\sqrt{10} \text{ m}$$

16. Explain why the diagonal of a square with side length s can always be written as $s\sqrt{2}$.

Solution

$$\text{Both legs equal } s, \text{ so } c^2 = s^2 + s^2 = 2s^2, \\ \text{giving } c = \sqrt{2s^2} = s\sqrt{2}.$$